IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN MILWAUKEE DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, and The STATE OF WISCONSIN,

Ex rel. Dr. Toby Tyler Watson,

Relator Plaintiff,

Civil Action No.:

FILED IN CAMERA AND

UNDER SEAL

FALSE CLAIMS ACT MEDICAID FRAUD

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

v.

JENNIFER KING-VASSEL, CAPS CHILD & ADOLESCENT PSYCHIATRIC SERVICES, AND ENCOMPASS EFFECTIVE MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES, INC..

Defendants.

PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT PURSUANT TO 31 U.S.C. §§3729-3732 OF THE FEDERAL FALSE CLAIMS ACT AND WISCONSIN STATUTE §20.931 FOR FALSE CLAIMS FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

Relator-Plaintiff Dr. Toby Watson, through his undersigned counsel, brings this qui tam action on behalf of the United States of America and the State of Wisconsin, and for his Complaint against the Defendants alleges as follows:

INTRODUCTION

1. This is an action to recover damages and civil penalties on behalf of the United States of America under 31 U.S.C. §3729, et seq, as amended ("Federal False Claims Act") and on behalf of the State of Wisconsin under the Wisconsin False Claims for Medical Assistance Law, Wis. Stat. §20.931, as amended ("Wisconsin False Claims Law"), arising from the Defendants' actions which caused claims for outpatient psychotropic medications prescribed to Medical

Assistance Recipient N.B. and other children that were not for medically accepted indications to be made to and paid by the Wisconsin Medical Assistance Program and Medicaid.

- 2. The Federal False Claims Act was enacted during the Civil War. Congress amended the Federal False Claims Act in 1986 to enhance the Government's ability to recover losses sustained as a result of fraud against the United States after finding that fraud in federal programs was pervasive and that the Federal False Claims Act, which Congress characterized as the primary tool for combating government fraud, was in need of modernization. Congress intended that the amendments create incentives for individuals with knowledge of fraud against the government to disclose the information without fear of reprisals or Government inaction, and to encourage the private bar to commit legal resources to prosecuting fraud on Government's behalf. The Wisconsin False Claim Law was enacted to effectuate the same on the State's behalf.
- 3. The Federal False Claims Act provides that any person who knowingly submits, or causes the submission of, a false and fraudulent claim to the U.S. Government for payment is liable for a civil penalty of up to \$11,000 for each such claim, plus three times the amount of the damages sustained by the Government.
- 4. The Wisconsin False Claim Law provides that any person who knowingly presents or causes to be presented a false claim for medical assistance is liable for a civil penalty of up to \$10,000 for each false claim, plus three times the amount of the damages sustained by this State.
- 5. The Federal False Claims Act allows any person having information about a false or fraudulent claim against the Government to bring an action for himself and the Government, and to share in any recovery. The Act requires that the complaint be filed under seal for a minimum

of 60 days (without service on the defendant during that time) to allow the Government time to conduct its own investigation and to determine whether to join the suit.

- 6. Likewise, the Wisconsin False Claim Law allows any person having information about a false or fraudulent claim for medical assistance to bring an action for himself and the State, and to share in any recovery. The Law requires that the complaint be filed under seal for a minimum of 60 days (without service on the defendant during that time) to allow the State time to conduct its own investigation and to determine whether to join the suit.
- 7. Under Medicaid, (a) psychiatrists and other prescribers and (b) mental health agencies all have specific responsibilities to prevent false claims from being presented and are liable under the Federal False Claims Act for their role in the submission of false claims.

PARTIES

- 8. Relator Dr. Toby Tyler Watson is a citizen of the Eastern District of Wisconsin, who has personal knowledge of N.B.'s confidential and non-publically-disclosed mental health treatment history. N.B. is a Wisconsin Medical Assistance recipient whose date of birth is January 18, 2000.
- 9. During times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant Jennifer King-Vassel transacted business in the Eastern District of Wisconsin.
- 10. During times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant Child and Adolescent Psychiatric Services ("CAPS") transacted business in the Eastern District of Wisconsin with a principal place of business at 933 N. Mayfair Road, Suite 308, in Wauwatosa, Wisconsin 53226, and employed Defendant Jennifer King-Vassel.
- 11. Defendant ENCOMPASS Effective Mental Health Services, Inc. ("Encompass") is a Wisconsin Corporation with a principal place of business at 1011 North Mayfair Road, Suite 304

in Wauwatosa, Wisconsin 53226, and at times relevant to this complaint employed Defendant Jennifer King-Vassel.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 12. This Court maintains subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 31 U.S.C §§3732(a) (Federal False Claims Act).
- 13. There have been no public disclosures of the allegations or transactions contained herein that bar jurisdiction under 31 U.S.C. §3730(e).
- 14. This Court has Supplemental Jurisdiction over the state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1367.
- 15. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 31 U.S.C §§3732(a) because the Defendants transact business in this District and did so at all times relevant to this Complaint, and because the Defendants committed acts giving rise to this action within this District.

APPLICABLE LAW

A. Medicaid and Medical Assistance

- 16. Medicaid is a public assistance program providing for payment of medical expenses for low-income patients. Funding for Medicaid is shared between the federal government and state governments.
- 17. Wisconsin's Medical Assistance program ("MA") supports the costs for individuals who meet specified financial and nonfinancial criteria. Wisconsin must administer MA in conformity with federal law and policy, as claims paid by MA are partially reimbursed to the State by Medicaid.
- 18. Federal reimbursement for prescription drugs under the Medicaid program is, as relevant, limited to "covered outpatient drugs." 42 U.S.C. §1396b(i)(10), 1396r-8(k)(2), (3).

- 19. Outpatient drug prescriptions, as relevant, are covered under Medicaid, i.e., reimbursable only if the drug is prescribed for a medically accepted indication, defined as indications approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), or supported by one or more of the following Compendia:
 - (a) American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information,
 - (b) United States Pharmacopeia-Drug Information (or its successor publications, or
 - (c) DRUGDEX Information System,

(Covered Outpatient Drugs).

- 20. Every MA provider and every Medicaid provider must agree to comply with all Medicaid requirements.
 - B. False Claim Liability
- 21. Federal False Claim Act and Wisconsin False Claim Law liability attaches to any person who knowingly presents or causes to be presented a false or fraudulent claim for payment, or who makes, uses or causes to be made a false record or statement to get a false or fraudulent claim paid. 31 U.S.C. §3729(a)(1)&(2); Wis. Stat. 20.931(2)(a)&(b).
- 22. Under the Federal False Claims Act and the Wisconsin False Claim Law, "knowing" and "knowingly" mean that a person, with respect to information:
 - (a) has actual knowledge of the information;
 - (b) acts in deliberate ignorance of the truth or falsity of the information; or
 - (c) acts in reckless disregard of the truth of falsity of the information, and no proof of specific intent to defraud is required.
- 31 U.S.C. §3729(b); Wis. Stat. §20.931(1)(d).

ALLEGATIONS

- 23. The Federal False Claims Act and Wisconsin False Claim Law are violated not only by a person who makes a false statement or a false record to get the government to pay a claim, but also by one who engages in a course of conduct that causes the government to pay a false or fraudulent claim for money.
- 24. On the following dates, Defendant Jennifer King-Vassel prescribed the following psychotropic drugs to Medical Assistance recipient N.B. that were not for an indication approved by the FDA or supported by one of more of the Compendia:
 - a. Clonidine
 - 1. November 29, 2004
 - 2. December 28, 2004
 - 3. January 27, 2005
 - 4. February 21, 2005
 - 5. July 21, 2005
 - 6. September 8, 2005
 - 7. November 3, 2005
 - 8. December 13, 2005
 - 9. February 7, 2006
 - 10. August 14, 2006
 - 11. September 18, 2006
 - 12. October 17, 2006
 - 13. November 15, 2006
 - 14. December 27, 2006

- 15. February 5, 2007
- 16. May 17, 2007
- 17. July 17, 2007
- 18. April 29, 2008

b. Prozac

- 1. July 10, 2006
- 2. April 29, 2008

c. Risperdal

- 1. November 29, 2004
- 2. December 28, 2004
- 3. January 27, 2005
- 4. February 23, 2005
- 5. July 21, 2005
- 6. September 8, 2005
- 7. October 4, 2005
- 8. November 3, 2005
- 9. December 13, 2005
- 10. February 7, 2006
- 11. June 6, 2006
- 12. June 6, 2006
- 13. July 10, 2006
- 14. August 14, 2006
- 15. September 18, 2006

- 16. October 17, 2006
- 17. November 15, 2006
- 18. December 27, 2006
- 19. February 5, 2007
- 20. April 29, 2008
- d. Seroquel
 - 1. May 17, 2007
 - 2. April 29, 2008
- e. Strattera
 - 1. December 13, 2005
- f. Zoloft
 - 1. November 15, 2006
 - 2. December 27, 2006
 - 3. February 5, 2007
 - 4. May 17, 2007
 - 5. July 17, 2007
 - 6. April 29, 2008
- 25. On information and belief, Defendant Jennifer King-Vassel prescribed to other Medical Assistance recipients psychotropic drugs that were not for an indication approved by the FDA or supported by one or more of the Compendia.

CAUSES OF ACTION

Count 1: Psychiatrist Liability For Uncovered Drugs

Federal False Claims Act

- 26. Defendant Jennifer King-Vassel prescribed the psychotropic drugs to Medical Assistance recipient N.B. set forth above, and to other minors, that are not for an indication approved by the FDA or supported by one or more of the Compendia, thereby causing claims for such prescriptions to be made to Medicaid for reimbursement
 - (a) with actual knowledge;
 - (b) in deliberate ignorance; or
 - (c) in reckless disregard

that such claims are false, and is liable under the Federal False Claims Act, therefor.

- 27. Upon information and belief, Defendant Jennifer King-Vassel continues to prescribe psychotropic drugs to minors that are not for an indication approved by the FDA or supported by one or more of the Compendia, thereby causing claims for such prescriptions to be made to Medicaid for reimbursement
 - (a) with actual knowledge;
 - (b) in deliberate ignorance; or
 - (c) in reckless disregard

that such claims are false, and are liable under the Federal False Claims Act therefor.

Count 2: Psychiatrist Liability For Uncovered Drugs

Wisconsin False Claims Law

- 28. Defendant Jennifer King-Vassel prescribed the psychotropic drugs to Medical Assistance recipient N.B. set forth above, and to other minors, that are not for an indication approved by the FDA or supported by one or more of the Compendia, thereby causing claims for such prescriptions to be made to Medical Assistance for payment
 - (a) with actual knowledge;
 - (b) in deliberate ignorance; or
 - (c) in reckless disregard

that such claims are false, and is liable under the Wisconsin False Claims Law, therefor.

- 29. Upon information and belief, Defendant Jennifer King-Vassel continues to prescribe psychotropic drugs to minors that are not for an indication approved by the FDA or supported by one or more of the Compendia, thereby causing claims for such prescriptions to be made to Medical Assistance for payment
 - (a) with actual knowledge;
 - (b) in deliberate ignorance; or
 - (c) in reckless disregard

that such claims are false, and are liable under the Wisconsin False Claims Law therefor.

Count 3: CAPS Liability for Uncovered Drugs

Federal False Claims Act

30. CAPS is liable for the actions of its agent and/or employee Jennifer King-Vassel under the doctrine of respondeat superior.

Count 4: CAPS Liability for Uncovered Drugs

Wisconsin False Claims Law

31. CAPS is liable for the actions of its agent and/or employee Jennifer King-Vassel under the doctrine of respondent superior.

Count 5: Encompass Liability for Uncovered Drugs

Federal False Claims Act

32. Encompass is liable for the actions of its agent and/or employee Jennifer King-Vassel under the doctrine of respondeat superior.

Count 6: Encompass Liability for Uncovered Drugs.

Wisconsin False Claims Law

33. Encompass is liable for the actions of its agent and/or employee Jennifer King-Vassel under the doctrine of respondeat superior.

DEFENDANTS' LIABILITY

- 34. By virtue of the acts described above, defendants knowingly (a) submitted, and continue to submit, and/or (b) caused and/or continue cause to be submitted, false or fraudulent claims to the Wisconsin Medical Assistance program for payment and the United States Government for reimbursement of psychiatric drugs prescribed to Medical Assistance recipient N.B. and other minors that are not for an indication that is approved by the FDA or supported by one or more of the Compendia.
- 35. Wisconsin Medical Assistance and Medicaid paid and continues to pay such false claims.
- 36. By reason of the defendants' acts, the State of Wisconsin and the United States have been damaged, and continue to be damaged, in substantial amount to be determined at trial.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, United States of America and State of Wisconsin, through Relator,

requests the Court enter the following relief:

That defendants be ordered to cease and desist from violating 31 U.S.C. §3729 et seq. A.

В. That this Court enter judgment against Defendants in an amount equal to three times the

amount of damages the United States has sustained because of defendants' actions, plus a civil

penalty of not less than \$5,500 and not more than \$11,000for each violation of 31 U.S.C. §3729;

C. That this Court enter judgment against Defendants in an amount equal to three times the

amount of damages the State of Wisconsin has sustained because of defendants' actions, plus a

civil penalty of not less than \$5,000 and not more than \$10,000 for each violation of Wis. Stat.

§20.931.

D. That Relator be awarded the maximum amount allowed pursuant to §3730(d) of the

Federal False Claims Act and the maximum allowed pursuant to Wis. Stat. §20.931(11).

E. That Relator be awarded all costs of this action, including attorneys' fees and expenses;

and

F. That Relator recover such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Dated: February 26, 2011

Relator Dr. Toby Tyler Watson, by

Pelsecon I Shit

Rebecca L. Gietman

WI Bar No.: 1052401

805 S. Madison St. Chilton, WI 53014

920-737-3036

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating

the civil docket sheet. (SEE IN Place an X in the appropriate I		ERSE OF THE FORM.) Bay Division		☑ Milwaukee Division	
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS United States of America State of Wisconsin Ex rel. Watson, Toby Tyler, br. (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)			County of Residence	S el, Jennifer d & Adolescent es Effective Men is of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES AND CONDEMNATION CASES, US ID INVOLVED.	•
	, Address, and Telephone Numb eca L. Gietman, 805 S. Madison S	,	Attomeys (If Known)	
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X"	in One Box Only)			(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff
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VI. CAUSE OF ACTION	31 USC 3729 et seg		re niing (Do not cite Jurisdict	ional statutes unless diversity):	· .
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:		IS A CLASS ACTION 23	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND	r if demanded in complaint: : ☑ Yes ☐ No
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