1	ATTORNEY GENERAL'S Fax:1-907-258-6872 Dec 8 2008 02:47pm P001/008
	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA
	THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT AT ANCHORAGE
	n the Matter of the Necessity ) or the Hospitalization of: ) )
V	VILLIAM BIGLEY, )
	Respondent.  )   )  Case No. 3AN-08-1252 PR
	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
	I hereby certify that on this day, a correct copy of the OPPOSITION TO
Ŋ	IOTION TO MODIFY STAY and STAY PENDING APPEAL in this proceeding
W	vas faxed/hand-delivered to:
	Public Defender Agency Fax No. 868-2588
a	nd faxed/mailed to:
	Law Project for Psychiatric Rights, Inc. James B. Gottstein, Esq. 406 G Street, Suite 206 Anchorage, AK 99501 Fax No. 274-9493 [also hand-delivered on December 9, 2008]
	Ron Adler
	Alaska Psychiatric Institute 2900 Providence Drive
	Anchorage, AK 99508 Fax No. 269-7128
	Marieann Vassar
	3080A Leighton Street Anchorage, AK 99517
	Fax No. 338-0711
	Ina Oscord 12/8/08
	Signature Date
L	D/TO/DERRYL/API/BIGLEY (3AN-08-1252 PR)/OPP TO MOTION TO MODIFY STAY.DOC

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This result is contrary to this Court's findings and conclusions in its November order, and must be avoided.

Mr. Bigley extensively quotes from the pleadings in his appeal of the May 2008 order ("May order") granting the court-ordered administration of

See Order dated November 25, 2008, at Exhibit 1.

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psychotropic medications. The order was subsequently stayed ("May stay") to allow for appeal. Such pleadings are not relevant here, as the November order was based upon the specific facts and circumstances present in Mr. Bigley's most-recent admission to API in October 2008. This Court heard and declined Mr. Bigley's arguments regarding the applicability of the May stay to the November proceedings (on October 21, 2008, and October 28, 2008).

By its own terms, the May stay does not apply to the November order; instead, the May stay discussed the likelihood that Mr. Bigley would be readmitted to API "in the near future and that API staff will again seek a medication order."<sup>2</sup> The Supreme Court clearly recognized that future medication petitions may be sought, and chose not to extend the May stay to future petitions. Given this, one cannot "assume" that the Supreme Court's intent was to extend its stay, as Mr. Bigely suggests. Instead, this Court must read the May stay as it was written, and not expand its terms to allow for a stay of its November order that would be detrimental to Mr. Bigley's health and well-being.

Mr. Bigley has filed multiple motions with the Supreme Court regarding an extension of its May stay, and for a stay of the November order. As such, the Supreme Court is fully advised on the issues raised by Mr. Bigley and can make a determination on the merits of Mr. Bigley's claims during oral argument on December 16, 2008.

## II. A STAY PENDING APPEAL SHOULD NOT BE GRANTED BECAUSE THE REQUISITE STANDARDS HAVE NOT BEEN MET

A. Mr. Bigley Does Not Establish the Necessity for a Stay Pending Appeal Based on Irreparable Harm.

Because certain individuals perceive that the risks associated with psychotropic medication outweigh its benefits, Mr. Bigley contends that irreparable harm will result when he receives treatment at API. However, Mr. Bigley fails to address the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Supreme Court Case No. S-13116, Bigley v. API, Order of May 23, 2008, page 3.

fact that this Court rejected these same arguments that psychotropic medications "do more harm than good" after considering all of the evidence, not just that of Mr. Bigley's experts, who advocate Mr. Bigley's position.

Permitting a stay under the circumstances here denies Mr. Bigley any treatment, contrary to the finding that the no-treatment alternative was not viable or in Mr. Biglev's best interest. Further, granting a stay pending appeal trumps the statutory scheme of AS 47.30.839. A stay would put API in the untenable position of having committed Mr. Bigley but without the ability to carry out its mission of providing acute care to the mentally ill. It would also be contrary to this Court's conclusions in its November order, namely that Mr. Bigley's "...deterioration over the past year is troubling and will likely continue if he is not medicated.<sup>33</sup>

This Court determined that medication is in Mr. Bigley's best interest, despite evidence of the potential side effects or perceived dangers of medication.<sup>4</sup> It recognized that no evidence was presented by Mr. Bigley of a viable alternative to medication,<sup>5</sup> discussed evidence pertaining to Mr. Bigley's specific prior experience with medication,<sup>6</sup> and narrowly tailored its order to the specific medication to be provided<sup>7</sup>.

Despite Mr. Bigley's statements to the contrary, the Alaska Supreme Court has not found "on exactly the same evidence presented here"<sup>8</sup> that Mr. Bigley faces irreparable harm if a stay is not granted. The "same evidence" has not been presented; instead, the evidence has shown that since the May stay, Mr. Bigley has deteriorated

4 As noted in the November order at 21 - 23, Mr. Bigley has not articulated a reasonable objection to either medication in general or to the ordered medication.

- November order at 30
- 6 November order at 26
- November order at 34

Respondent's Memorandum in Support of Motion to Modify Stay and for Stay Pending Appeal ("Motion") at 7.

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November order at 29.

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significantly.<sup>9</sup> As discussed above, by its own terms, the May stay does not apply to the November order. It also does not apply when facts and circumstances have changed such that psychotropic medication is necessary in order to stabilize Mr. Bigley.

This Court has determined, consistent with the evidence, that the administration of medication to Mr. Bigley is within the standard of care for psychiatry, is appropriate for Mr. Bigley and further, that no less restrictive alternative treatment is available. This Court recognized the high risk to Mr. Bigley associated with the "no treatment" alternative and supported the authorization of medication, in part upon evidence of Mr. Bigley's own history while on medication<sup>10,11</sup>.

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## B. There Is No Clear Showing of Probable Success on the Merits.

API has the mission of providing acute care to the mentally ill. A stay pending appeal in the context of court-ordered administration of medication has the practical effect of preventing API from administering treatment and fulfilling its mission. Because this significant interest is not adequately protected, Mr. Bigley must make a clear showing of probable success on the merits<sup>12</sup>. Mr. Bigley makes no such showing, but instead insists that this Court was erroneous because it did not accept Mr. Bigley's position that drugs do more harm than good.

API is an acute-care psychiatric hospital. It is not a home for the mentally ill. One of the purposes of civil commitment is that the commitment has, "a reasonable

<sup>10</sup> November order at page 28.

<sup>11</sup> API notes that despite Mr. Bigley's unsupported assertions to the contrary, Motion at 9, Mr. Bigley has not "been desperately fighting against the forced drugging for almost 30 years." To the contrary, evidence presented at the November hearing demonstrated that at many times in Mr. Bigley's history, he voluntarily took medication and was better able to function in society while voluntarily taking medication. *See* November order at 22 - 23.

<sup>12</sup> Powell v. Anchorage, 536 P.2d 1228 (Alaska 1975) at 1272 (quoting A.J. Indus., Inc. v. Alaska Pub. Serv. Comm'n, 470 P.2d 537, 540 (Alaska 1970), modified in other respects, 483 P.2d 198 (Alaska 1971)).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> November order at 32.

expectation of improving [the patient's] mental condition." AS 47.30.655(6). API practices an evidence-based medical approach to treating psychiatric illness. Housing someone at API is not treatment. The stay requested by Mr. Bigley forces API into the untenable position of housing him during commitment without providing necessary treatment.

In touting its own claims of harm, Mr. Bigley gives a perfunctory and incomplete analysis to the harm that will befall API if a stay issues. If Mr. Bigley obtains a stay pending appeal based on perceived harm resulting from the medication itself, the statutory scheme for administration of psychotropic medication, AS 47.30.839 could be "undone" by any litigant unhappy with the outcome in their case, as it is likely that the period of commitment under AS 47.30,735 et seq. would expire before the medication could be administered<sup>13</sup>. If API is prevented from taking action that it is required to demonstrate is likely to improve a patient's mental condition, the statutory scheme for involuntary commitment and treatment will be impeded. Mr. Bigley has failed to show how this significant interest is protected.

API has a significant interest in ensuring that undue litigation does not prevent proper care and treatment for its patients. If Mr. Bigley's motions to this Court and to the Supreme Court were granted, such a result would occur: a trial court could repeatedly find under the relevant law that medication is in Mr. Bigley's best interests, and requests for multiple stays would prevent such medication from ever being

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> A stay in this setting should be reserved for those exceptional cases where there is a clear showing of probable success on the merits. If the Court were to merely assume that API is protected & Mr. Bigley will suffer irreparable harm if he received the approved treatment (based on general effects of psychotropic drugs), Mr. Bigley could indefinitely postpone the implementation of a medication order because the order would always become moot. To illustrate: If stay until full review on appeal, even if upheld, API wouldn't be able to implement the order because any new medication order would probably need to be based on the current situation. That would require a new hearing. Also, Mr. Bigley may be released from commitment at expiration of 90 days (or sooner) because there would be no treatment to improve his condition. Findings from any new hearing could be appealed again, and new stay sought, over and over.

administered. This essentially leaves Mr. Bigely in a vacuum where-despite a finding that medication is appropriate and necessary—no such medication can be given in order to stabilize Mr. Bigley. As this Court noted, "the endless cycle of arrest, emergency medication while incarcerated, evaluation at API and discharge to homelessness and further degradation must be ended."14 Should a stay be granted, this cycle would continue.

Most importantly, API has an interest in improving Mr. Bigley's condition by providing psychiatric treatment for his mental illness. This Court has found that Mr. Bigley has deteriorated since May 2008, and medication is in his best interests. API's interest in providing the necessary care to Mr. Bigley cannot be protected unless proper treatment can be provided in a timely manner. More than a merely non-frivolous argument against the order should be required to deprive Mr. Bigley of treatment both his doctors and the court finds to be in his best interest. A finding that a stay is appropriate in this instance would result in substantial harm to API's interest in providing the medical treatment that this Court has found to be appropriate.

## III. CONCLUSION

This Court has already determined that the May stay did not preclude API from seeking future medication petitions. By its own terms, the May stay does not apply to future medication petitions. Mr. Bigley has not shown that enforcement of the November order will lead to irreparable harm, and has also not demonstrated a clear showing of probable success on the merits. Given the necessity of medicating Mr. Bigley due to the changed circumstances since May 2008, a stay would be inappropriate and would be detrimental to Mr. Bigley's health and well-being.

November order at 31.

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2	For the foregoing reasons, API respectfully requests that Mr. Bigley's
3	Motion to Modify Stay and for Stay Pending Appeal be denied.
	DATED: 12/4/08
4	TALIS J. COLBERG
5	ATTORNEY GENERAL
6	By: OUM a followed
7	Erin A. Pohland
8	Assistant Attorney General Alaska Bar No. NA14009
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